

Given $\begin{cases} x'(t) = 3x - 9y \\ y'(t) = 4x - 3y \end{cases}$ we have $A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -9 \\ 4 & -3 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \lambda^2 + 27 = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda_1 = 3\sqrt{3}i, \lambda_2 = -3\sqrt{3}i$

$$\alpha=0$$

$$\beta= 3\sqrt{3}$$

$$\vec{\eta} = \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ 3 - 3\sqrt{3}i \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 9 + 0i \\ 3 - 3\sqrt{3}i \end{pmatrix} \mapsto \begin{pmatrix} 3 + 0i \\ 1 - \sqrt{3}i \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 + 0i \\ 1 - \sqrt{3}i \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -\sqrt{3} \end{pmatrix}i$$

$$\therefore \vec{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } \vec{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -\sqrt{3} \end{pmatrix}$$

We should use the following solution form:

$$\vec{X} = c_1 \vec{U} + c_2 \vec{V} \quad \text{where}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{U} &= e^{\alpha t} \left[(\cos \beta t) \vec{a} - (\sin \beta t) \vec{b} \right] \\ \vec{V} &= e^{\alpha t} \left[(\sin \beta t) \vec{a} + (\cos \beta t) \vec{b} \right] \end{aligned}$$

So

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{U} &= (\cos 3\sqrt{3}t) \vec{a} - (\sin 3\sqrt{3}t) \vec{b} \\ &= (\cos 3\sqrt{3}t) \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} - (\sin 3\sqrt{3}t) \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -\sqrt{3} \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 3\cos 3\sqrt{3}t \\ \cos 3\sqrt{3}t \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -\sqrt{3}\sin 3\sqrt{3}t \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 3\cos 3\sqrt{3}t \\ \cos 3\sqrt{3}t + \sqrt{3}\sin 3\sqrt{3}t \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{V} &= (\sin 3\sqrt{3}t) \vec{a} + (\cos 3\sqrt{3}t) \vec{b} \\ &= (\sin 3\sqrt{3}t) \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + (\cos 3\sqrt{3}t) \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -\sqrt{3} \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 3\sin 3\sqrt{3}t \\ \sin 3\sqrt{3}t \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -\cos 3\sqrt{3}t \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 3\sin 3\sqrt{3}t \\ \sin 3\sqrt{3}t - \cos 3\sqrt{3}t \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

Then

$$\vec{X} = c_1 \begin{pmatrix} 3\cos 3\sqrt{3}t \\ \cos 3\sqrt{3}t + \sqrt{3}\sin 3\sqrt{3}t \end{pmatrix} + c_2 \begin{pmatrix} 3\sin 3\sqrt{3}t \\ \sin 3\sqrt{3}t - \cos 3\sqrt{3}t \end{pmatrix} \text{ and therefore}$$

$$x(t) = 3c_1 \cos 3\sqrt{3}t + 3c_2 \sin 3\sqrt{3}t$$

$$y(t) = c_1 \cos 3\sqrt{3}t + \sqrt{3}c_1 \sin 3\sqrt{3}t + c_2 \sin 3\sqrt{3}t - c_2 \cos 3\sqrt{3}t$$

